UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/824,310	04/13/2004	Junko Yotani	96790P453	5984	
0,,,	590 02/15/2007 OLOFF TAYLOR & ZA	FMAN	EXAM	INER	
12400 WILSHIR	E BOULEVARD	11 1717 117	STOUFFER, KELLY M		
SEVENTH FLOG LOS ANGELES.	OR , CA 90025-1030		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
,	,		1762		

SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MON'	TUC	02/15/2007	DADED		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/824,310	YOTANI ET AL.	•
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
•	Kelly Stouffer	1762	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	/ IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH	S) OR THIRTY (30)) DAYS
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time.	J. nely filed	
 If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	cause the application to become ABANDONE	D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	imunication.
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11 Ja</u>	nnuary 2007		· ·
<u> </u>	action is non-final.		. •
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the i	merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Disposition of Claims	:		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.		•	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		;	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.		
Application Papers	-		• .
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r. 14 a		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	·	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• •		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	= ' '		R 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			• • • •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
_			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No	
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior			tage
application from the International Bureau	•		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	d.	
	·		
		-	•
Attachment(s)	. 🗖		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Ll Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da		
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/8/07. 	5) Notice of Informal P		

Art Unit: 1762

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, filed 11 January 2007, with respect to the objections to the drawings and specification have been fully considered and are persuasive. The objections of the drawing and specification have been withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments, filed 11 January 2007, with respect to the rejection under Goren et al. have been fully considered and are persuasive. The 35 USC 102(b) rejection of claims 1-7 has been withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the 35 USC 103 (a) rejection of claims 1-7 under Uemera et al. in view of Liu et al. have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues that Uemera et al. in view of Liu et al. does not include the limitation of removing carbon nanotubes with the laser to create more ends. However, Liu et al. uses the laser to remove nanotubes from the ends of other nanotubes on the substrate to remove catalyst byproducts and unwanted amorphous carbon (paragraph 0024). Liu et al. also discusses freeing more ends of nanotubes by this procedure because the tips of the invention contribute to a decreased threshold voltage required for field emission (paragraph 0026). This rejection is therefore maintained and repeated here.

Art Unit: 1762

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 1762

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent publication 2001/0028209 to Uemura et al. in view of US Patent publication 2004/0095050 to Liu et al.

Regarding claim 1, Uemura et al. includes a method of manufacturing an electron-emitting source (entire document) by forming a film containing curled nanotube fibers on a substrate (paragraph 0025). Uemura et al. desires the curled fibers to be smoothed by an electric field so that the light emitting density of the phosphor screen caused by electron irradiation from the source becomes uniform (paragraph 0042). Uemura et al. does not include smoothing the fibers by irradiation with a laser. Liu et al. teaches using a laser to irradiate the nanotubes perpendicular to the surface (paragraphs 0022-0024) to smooth the surface more than that of the method taught by Uemura et al. and also removes byproducts on the nanotube surface, further improving electron emission (paragraph 0024). Liu et al. uses the laser to remove nanotubes from the ends of other nanotubes on the substrate to remove catalyst byproducts and unwanted amorphous carbon (paragraph 0024). Liu et al. also discusses freeing more ends of nanotubes by this procedure because the tips of the invention contribute to a decreased threshold voltage required for field emission (paragraph 0026).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Uemura et al. to include using a laser to make the nanotube surface more uniform instead of an electric field as taught by Liu et al. in order to remove byproducts on the nanotube film surface and make a smoother surface.

Art Unit: 1762

Regarding claims 2-4, Uemura et al. discloses the nanotubes as carbon (paragraph 0024) the substrate as iron (paragraph 0045) and the nanotubes formed by thermal chemical vapor deposition (paragraph 0049).

Regarding claims 5-7, Liu et al. discloses the laser as an excimer laser with energy density of 300 mJ/cm² and used in air at less than 1 standard atmospheric pressure (paragraph 0024).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kelly Stouffer whose telephone number is (571) 272-2668. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 7:00-5:30.

Art Unit: 1762

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Meeks can be reached on (571) 272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kelly Stouffer Examiner Art Unit 1762

kms

TIMOTHY MEEKS SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER